

In the Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently amended) An electromagnetically driven valve, comprising:
a driven valve $[(14)]$ having a valve shaft $[(12)]$ and carrying out reciprocating motion along a direction in which said valve shaft $[(12)]$ extends;
a support member $[(51)]$ having an abutment surface $[(52a)]$ and provided at a position spaced apart from said driven valve $[(14)]$;
an oscillating member $[(20)]$ extending from one end $[(22)]$ coupled to said valve shaft $[(12)]$ to the other end $[(23)]$ supported by said support member $[(51)]$ so as to allow free oscillation of the oscillating member, and having a root portion $[(3)]$ formed at said other end $[(23)]$ and an arm portion $[(21)]$ formed from said root portion $[(3)]$ to said one end $[(22)]$; and
an electromagnet $(30, 35)$ having a surface $(31a, 36a)$ facing said arm portion $[(21)]$ and applying electromagnetic force to said oscillating member $[(20)]$; wherein
when said oscillating member $[(20)]$ is attracted to said electromagnet $(30, 35)$, said abutment surface $[(52a)]$ abuts on said root portion $[(3)]$ and a gap is created between said surface $[(31a)]$ and said arm portion $[(21)]$.
2. (Currently amended) The electromagnetically driven valve according to claim 1, wherein
said oscillating member $[(20)]$ is formed such that said arm portion $[(21)]$ has a thickness smaller than that of said root portion $[(3)]$.
3. (Currently amended) The electromagnetically driven valve according to claim 1, wherein
said root portion $[(3)]$ is formed from a material of higher strength than said arm portion $[(21)]$.